Parallel Universes: Remarkable Similarities in the Siege of Invasive Species on Florida and Hawai'i



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Similarities Between Hawai'i and Florida

- Subtropical / Tropical Climates
 - -Between 19-30° N
- Insular / Peninsular Geography
 - -Past isolation
 - -Young terrestrial environments
 - Fast forward of invasions
- Ecosystem Functions Altered by Invasive Species

Similarities Between Hawai'i and Florida

Surrounded by Water!





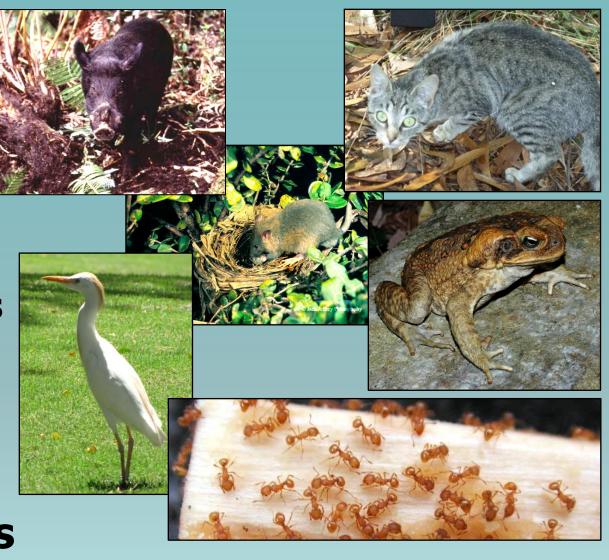
Dissimilarities

- Topography
 - Florida is flat (≤105 m)
 - Hawai'i is not
 - Large Subapline / Alpine zones ≤4,205 m
- Geology
 - Florida doesn't have volcanoes
 - Hawai'i does
 - Recent basaltic lava flows and volcanic ash
- Hydrology
 - Florida has extensive wetlands
 - Hawai'i does not
 - Some coastal fringing wetlands



Common Invasive Animals

- Mammals
 - Feral pigs
 - Feral cats
 - Black rats
- Birds
 - Cattle Egrets
 - Parrots
- Herptiles
 - Cane toads
- Invertebrates
 - Little fire ants





Feral Pigs

- Ecosystems
 - -Alter nutrient cycling
 - -Accelerate soil erosion

Vegetation

- -Browse, trample, & uproot native plants
- Disperse invasive plants
- Management
 - -Sustained removals in Florida
 - -Fenced and removed from ~750 km²







Feral Cats



- Notorious Predators
 - Endangered native birds in Hawai'i
 - Endangered KeyLargo woodrat

- Host of Toxoplasma
- Hard to manage
 - Cryptic
 - Nocturnal
 - Trap Wary





Little fire ant (Wasmannia auropunctata)

- Discovered on Hawai'i Island 1999
- Implications for red imported fire ant
- Ad-hoc control methods widely used
- Candidate for classical biological control







Little fire ant (Wasmannia auropunctata)



AN ANT GROWTH REGULATOR FOR CONTROL OF PROTEIN AND SUGAR FEEDING ANTS INCLUDING ARGENTINE AND PHARAOH ANTS

A liquid concentrate for use in refillable bait stations that controls ants in agricultural crops and structures by sterilizing egg-laying queens and preventing larval development

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See back panel for additional precautions

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

 (S)-Methoprene (CAS #65733-16-6).
 4.9%

 OTHER INGREDIENTS:
 95.1%

 Total
 100.0%

 This product contains 0.4 pounds/gallon (48 grans/filter) (S)-Methopere active ingredient

106169

NET CONTENTS: 2.5 GAL (320 FL OZ) 9.46 L



- Chemical control
- S-methoprene gel bait recipe
- FIFRA Section 2
 Approved for Hawai'i



Common Invasive Plants

- Brazilian peppertree or Christmas berry (Schinus terebinthifolius)
- Myrtaceae
 - Strawberry guava (Psidium cattleianum)
 - Paperbark (Melaleuca quinquenervia)
- Lantana (Lantana camara)
- Swordfern (Nephrolepis spp.)
- Fountain grass (Pennisetum setaceum)
- Molassesgrass (Melinis minutiflora)



Common Invasive Plants

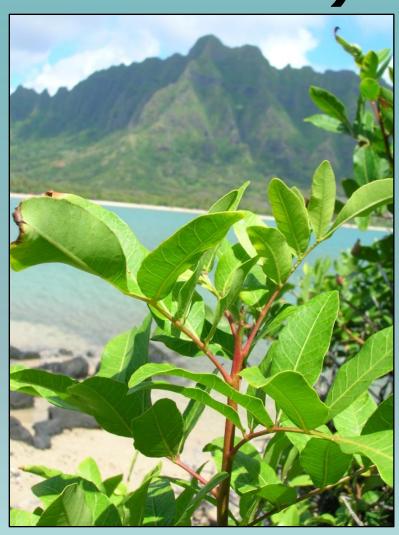
- Dominate large areas
- Alter ecosystem processes
 - Nutrient cycling
 - Hydrology
 - Fire regimes
 - Wildlife habitat
- Myrtaceae
 - Strawberry guava (Psidium cattleianum)
 - Paperbark (Melaleuca quinquenervia)





Brazilian peppertree or Christmas berry (Schinus terebinthifolius)

- Highly invasive in Florida and Hawai'i
- Native to South America
- Subject of biological control in Hawai'i
- One beetle and two moth species introduced from Brazil
- Seed-feeding wasp accidentally introduced from South Africa





Potential Biocontrol Agents for Schinus terebinthifolius

- Evaluated in Florida
 - Sawfly
 - Heteroperreyia hubrichi
 - Thrip
 - Pseudophilothrips ichini
 - Leaf-rolling moth
 - Episimus utilis
 - Stem Boring Weevil
 - Apocnemidophorus pipitzi
- Accidentally Reached Hawai'i and Florida
 - Seed-feeding waspMegastigmus transvaalensis



- Released in Hawai'i
 - Moths 1954
 - Episimus utilis
 - Crasimorpha infuscata
 - Beetle 1954
 - Lithraeus atronotatus



Lantana (Lantana camara)

- Highly invasive in Hawai'i and Florida
- Native to West Indies
- L. depressa endangered in Florida
- Thorny! Toxic!
- Subject of successful biological control in Hawai'i
- Ornamental varieties may preclude biological control in Florida





Pests and Biological Control Agents

- Globalization of trade
- Oceanic islands vulnerable
- One place's pest is another's biocontrol





Cycad Aulacaspis scale



Eucalyptus Rust Puccinia psidii

- Pathogen of Myrtaceae
- In Florida >30 years
- Found in Hawai'i 2005
- Devastated rose apple (Syzygium jambos) trees
- Threat to native 'ōhi'a (Metrosideros polymorpha) trees and associated fauna
- Potential adventive biological control in Florida for paperbark (Melaleuca quinquenervia)





Guava scale insect (Tectococcus ovatus)



- Pathogen of strawberry guava (*Psidium cattleianum*)
- Native to Brazil
- Potential biological control agent for strawberry guava in Florida
- Host specificity tested in Florida and Hawai'i
- Released in Hawai'i 2011



Opportunities?

- Invasions may be seen as unfortunate
- Natural resources in need of protection
- Potential mutually beneficial applications
- Reciprocal information transfer
- Centers for development of broader application
- Work in isolation won't solve problems
- Proactive cooperation





Reciprocal Information & Applications Transfer

- Effects of invasive species on ecosystems
- Fence designs
 - Feral pigs
 - Predators
- Biological control
 - Fire ants
 - Myrtaceae
- Pesticide development
 - National conservation
 registration for rodenticides

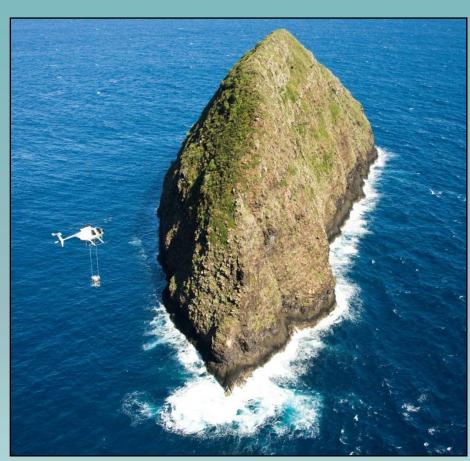


Photo by Heather Eijzenga, courtesy of the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service



Acknowledgments

- Pacific Island Ecosystems Research Center
- USGS Invasive Species & Wildlife programs
 - Hawaiian Ecosystems at Risk- HEAR.org
 - Photos by Forest & Kim Starr





Mahalo!